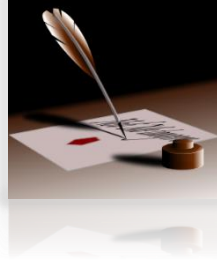


اللغة العربية



No I'raab Outside A Sentence

Question

Respected Shaykh

السلام عليكم

I learnt from brother Asif's video that every noun in its natural form is مرفوع as the last letter of that noun has ضمة OR تنوين ضمة.

Are اسم الإشارة like هذا or ذلك also مرفوع in their natural form?

جزاكم الله

Dear Br Mohd Hasin

وعليكم السلام

Hope this finds you in health and happiness,

The grammarians hold a purely philosophical view. According to them nouns can be referred to as مرفوع, منصوب or مجرور only when they are in a sentence. Outside the sentence, they have no *i"raabic* status. This view is philosophically correct. When we speak of nouns outside a sentence we say: كِتَاب, قَلَم, بَيْت with *sukuun*.

But some nouns like هُوَ, هِيَ, أَنْتَ, نَحْنُ, etc. have been created in the مرفوع form. Here we do not have the philosophical form with zero-ending.

So we may say that البَيْتُ is the مرفوع form when in a sentence, and also the philosophical neutral form when outside the sentence.

Regards,

والسلام

abdur rahim