

القرآن الكريم

﴿غَيْرِ الْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّالِّينَ﴾



(الفاتحة: ٧)

Question

Regarding *al-Fātiḥah*, āyah 7:

- 1) What is the *i'rab* of ﴿الضَّالِّينَ﴾? Is it *majrūr* or *manṣūb*?
- 2) What type of لَ is in ﴿وَلَا الضَّالِّينَ﴾?

Faḍīlat al-Shaykh Dr. V. Abdur Rahim (حفظه الله) replies:



1) ﴿الضَّالِّينَ﴾ is *majrūr* because it is *ma'tūf* of ﴿الْمَعْضُوبِ عَلَيْهِمْ﴾.

2) لَا is of course *nāfiyah*.

In this usage it is زَائِدَةٌ لِلتَّأْكِيدِ, as we say:

مَا جَاءَ بِلَالٌ وَلَا كَمَالٌ.

مَا رَأَيْتُ بِلَالًا وَلَا كَمَالًا.

It has the force of *neither ... nor*.

It is غَيْرُ عَامِلٍ, i.e., it does not change the *i'rāb* of the following word.