



لَوْلاً دِمَشْقُ لَمَا كَانَتْ طُلَيْطِلَةٌ وَلاَ زَهَتْ بِبَنِي الْعَبَّاسِ بَغْدَانُ

But for Damascus, there would not have been Toledo (in Spain)

Nor would have Baghdad shone so radiantly

with the line of 'Abbās.

مَرَرْتُ بِالْمَسجِدِ الْمَحْزُونِ أَسأَلُهُ مَرَرْتُ بِالْمُصلَّى أَوِ الْمِحْرَابِ مَرْوَانُ هَلْ فِي الْمُصلَّى أَوِ الْمِحْرَابِ مَرْوَانُ

 $m{I}$ passed by the grief-stricken (Umayyad) Mosque $m{\mathcal{A}}$ sking it if there was Caliph Marw $ar{a}$ n in the prayer hall or the $mihrar{a}b$.

تَغَيَّرَ الْمَسْجِدُ الْمَحْزُونُ وَاخْتَلَفَتْ عَلَى الْمَنَابِرِ أَحْرِارٌ وَعُبِدانُ

 ${\cal T}$ he grief-stricken Mosque has changed, ${\cal A}$ nd free men and slaves have alternately ascended its *minbar*s.

The (present day) $adh\bar{a}n$ rising from its minaret is not the same as the $adh\bar{a}n$ (of bygone days)

Nor are the ears (of the contemporary listeners) the same as the ears (of yore).

 \mathcal{A} nd poetry as long as it is devoid of recollection and emotion or wisdom – is no more than dissection of syllables Or succession of metric feet.

الجامع الأمويّ، دِمَشْق

The Umayyad Mosque, Damascus



I have been deeply moved by these couplets since a long time, and want to share them with the visitors of the website.



It is a long poem, but I have selected these couplets which are the most beautiful.

The poet mentions Toledo as representing Muslim Spain (al-Andalus).

Muslim Spain was ruled by the Ummayads since 756 with the arrival of 'Abd al-Raḥmān I (عبد الرحمن الداخل).

Lexical & Grammatical Notes



- o-u), to shine. زَهَا يَزْهُو زَهْواً 🍳
- Banu l-'Abbās: The Abbasids were descendants of al-'Abbās ibn 'Abd al-Muṭṭalib (رضي الله عنه).
- أَبغُدَادُ is another form of بَغْدَانُ
- was the fourth Ummayad caliph.
- و viii), to pass by.
- . أَحْرَارٌ free man, pl , حُرُّ 🍳
- . عُبْدَانٌ، عبْدَانٌ slave, pl عُبْدٌ
- عَوَاطِفُ emotion, pl عَاطِفَةٌ •







الْبَسيط is قَصيدَة of this بَحْر

Its feet are:

Which equals:

Which corresponds to the English words:

Come, come to me; come to me.

Mutations:

da dan da dan.

It corresponds to the English words:

Nothing to you.

فَاعلُنْ (dan da dan) may change to:

- a) فَعِلُنْ : da da dan which corresponds to: any thing.
- b) فَعْلَنْ : dan dan which corresponds to: *good book*.

This mutation occurs only at the end of the second line

as:

نولاً زَهَتْ: da dan da dan.

ُ غَــبَّـاسِ بَغُ : dan dan da dan.

: dan dan دَانُو

* * *

In poetry a diptote may take tanwīn as طُلَيْطِلَةً, and a triptote may lose its tanwīn as أُوْزَانُ